

PRACTICE SET - I

Level – 4 (45 sec each)

Total Time – 37.5 Min

Instructions: In each of the following sentences, a word has been printed in bold letters. Out of the given alternatives, choose the one which is closest to the opposite in meaning of the bold word.

1. He **abandoned** his family.
(a) Pleased (b) Encouraged
(c) Saved (d) Supported
2. Everybody called it a **lavish** party.
(a) Wasteful (b) Big
(c) Expensive (d) Frugal
3. His **meanness** is proverbial.
(a) Timidity (b) Kindness
(c) Generosity (d) Pragmatism
4. The influence of political broadcasts on elections is **considerable**.
(a) Negligible (b) Insignificant
(c) Inadequate (d) influential
5. The minister gave a public speech on the controversial subject to **precipitate** the matter.
(a) Defer (b) Create
(c) Pull (d) Push
6. On the face of it Poirot's glance conveyed **humorous** impatience.
(a) Pathetic (b) Dismayed
(c) Praiseworthy (d) Dejected
7. We have no doubt about the **veracity** of the statement.
(a) Propriety (b) Truthfulness
(c) Morality (d) Falsity
8. There was a **marginal** increase in his pay.
(a) Significant (b) Peripheral

- (c) Unforeseen (d) Negligible
9. The leader was **pragmatic** in his approach to the problem facing the country.
(a) Indefinite (b) Vague
(c) Optimistic (d) Idealistic
10. Under the circumstances, such **pejorative** comments should have been avoided.
(a) Appreciative (b) Critical
(c) Soothing (d) Sporting
11. The club meets on the Last Thursday of every month in a **dilapidated** palace.
(a) Neglected (b) Regenerated
(c) Furnished (d) Renovated
12. The principal hardly managed to give the papers a **cursory** glance.
(a) Thorough (b) Curious
(c) Superficial (d) Through
13. Mohini was often teased as **corpulent** by her friends.
(a) Garrulous (b) Fat
(c) Belligerent (d) Gaunt
14. The police tried to find out the **rightful** owner of the ornaments left in the train.
(a) Unlawful (b) Claimant
(c) Indefinite (d) Mistaken
15. The Minister is **optimistic** about the new project just launched.
(a) Pessimistic (b) Cynical
(c) Stoical (d) Dubious
16. This area is well known for **plentiful** rain.
(a) Scarce (b) Miserly
(c) Poor (d) Impoverished
17. Earthquakes are **frequent** in Japan.
(a) Few (b) Rare
(c) Extinct (d) Unusual

18. She handled the machine with **deft** fingers.
- (a) Delicate (b) Quick
(c) Clumsy (d) Sturdy
19. The children are playing in the **nearby** park.
- (a) Separate (b) Distant
(c) Different (d) Close
20. The members of the opposition party made **derogatory** remarks about the policies of the government.
- (a) Respectable (b) Admirable
(c) Praiseworthy (d) Laudatory
21. There are reports that many poor people **abandon** female children.
- (a) Keep (b) Help
(c) Like (d) Reject
22. In ancient India, scholars had no interest in political power or **material** growth.
- (a) Spiritual (b) Internal
(c) Celestial (d) Psychic
23. There are four chapters that are **extraneous** to the structure of the book.
- (a) Important (b) Needful
(c) Relevant (d) Integral
24. The plantation workers were on a **collision** course before the officer intervened.
- (a) Conciliatory (b) Perfunctory
(c) Circuitous (d) Retaliatory
25. The inhabitants of the island were **barbarians**.
- (a) Cruel (b) Civilized
(c) Bad (d) Non-civilized
26. He could not **confirm** that he had made any such statement.
- (a) Deny (b) Refuse
(c) Reject (d) Avoid
27. The General manager is quite **tactful** and handles the worker's union very effectively.

- (a) Naive (b) Disciplined
(c) Relaxed (d) Strict

28. We should not **belittle** the value of small things.

- (a) Strict (b) Extol
(c) Expand (d) Inflate

29. Nothing has been organized properly and confusion seems **inevitable**.

- (a) Inevident (b) Inefficient
(c) Uncertain (d) Ineligible

30. The geologists declared that the fossil was **authentic**.

- (a) New (b) Beautiful
(c) Old (d) Fake

31. His was in a **sulky** disposition.

- (a) Loving (b) Kind
(c) Mild (d) Cheerful

32. This is a **trivial** matter.

- (a) Small (b) Important
(c) Difficult (d) Easy

33. His knowledge of the subject is quite **extensive**.

- (a) Limited (b) Restricted
(c) Ordinary (d) Little

34. Life in the villages is very **dull**.

- (a) Bluffing (b) Pleasant
(c) Serious (d) Wasteful

35. This is not ideology buy **pragmatic** language teaching.

- (a) Imperfect (b) Impossible
(c) Impractical (d) Improper

36. It is a **herculean** task for me.

- (a) Ponderous (b) Big

(c) Indecent

(d) Puny

37. **Genuine** drugs are available in most of the medical shops.

(a) Dubious

(b) Spurious

(c) Harmful

(d) Wrong

38. He was asked to **accelerate** the pace of work.

(a) Slacken

(b) Supervise

(c) Check

(d) Control

39. His **timidity** proved to be costly.

(a) Self-assertion

(b) Self-confidence

(c) Boldness

(d) Arrogance

40. The actor is well known both for his **humility** and courage.

(a) Determination

(b) Pride

(c) Gentleness

(d) Honesty

41. There is an **obscure** cave on the other side of the hill.

(a) Infamous

(b) Well-known

(c) Admired

(d) Notorious

42. She **detests** government jobs.

(a) Adores

(b) Is interested in

(c) Approves of

(d) Is fond of

43. The habit of **squandering** money should not be encouraged.

(a) Hoarding

(b) Discarding

(c) Saving

(d) Collecting

44. All these measures will **augment** employment opportunities.

(a) Diminish

(b) Circumscribe

(c) Constrain

(d) Restrain

45. The chairman **rebuked** the accounts officer for not supervising the work of his coordinates.

(a) Awarded

(b) Invited

(c) Praised

(d) Received

- 46.** Machine-civilization has made human life **artificial**.
 (a) True (b) Authentic
 (c) Genuine (d) Natural
- 47.** The drug will have **pernicious** effect on your health.
 (a) Ruinous (b) Pornographic
 (c) Beneficial (d) Prolonged
- 48.** The students **assembled** in the meeting hall.
 (a) Dispersed (b) Eliminated
 (c) Removed (d) Diffused
- 49.** He has suspended his secretary on a **flimsy** ground.
 (a) Sound (b) Salutary
 (c) Vigorous (d) Strong
- 50.** Raju **often** walk to school.
 (a) Always (b) Chivalrous
 (c) Rarely (d) Never

ANSWERS

1.(d) 2. (d) 3. (c) 4. (c) 5. (a)6. (a) 7. (d) 8. (a) 9. (d) 10. (a)11. (d) 12. (a) 13. (d) 14. (a) 15.
 (a)16. (a) 17. (b) 18. (c) 19. (b) 20. (d)21. (a) 22. (a) 23. (d) 24. (a) 25. (b)26. (a) 27. (a) 28. (b)
 29. (c) 30. (d)31. (d) 32. (b) 33. (a) 34. (b) 35. (c)36. (d) 37. (b) 38. (a) 39. (c) 40. (b)41. (b) 42.
 (a) 43. (c) 44. (a) 45. (c)46. (d) 47. (c) 48. (a) 49. (d) 50. (c)

PRACTISE SET – II

Level – 4 (45 sec each)

Total Time – 37.5 Min

Instructions: In each of the following sentences, a word has been printed in bold letters. Out of the given alternatives, choose the one which is closest to the opposite in meaning of the bold word.

1. We received a **cordial** welcome from our host.
(a) Distrustful (b) Indifferent
(c) Official (d) Cold
2. Every move I make seems to affect him **adversely**.
(a) Badly (b) Internally
(c) Deeply (d) Favorably
3. The director had a **derisive** attitude towards some of the members of the committee.
(a) Deprecatory (b) Encouraging
(c) Enthusiastic (d) Respectful
4. He was the most **eccentric** and difficult patron.
(a) Genial (b) Sociable
(c) Normal (d) Sober
5. The two girls are always together. There is a great **affinity** between them.
(a) Antipathy (b) Sympathy
(c) Apathy (d) Empathy
6. I thought about her a lot during the **following** months.
(a) Proceeding (b) Succeeding
(c) Receding (d) Preceding
7. It was universally characterized as a **progressive** measure.
(a) Obstructive (b) Regressive
(c) Abhorrent (d) Retrograde
8. There has always been a feeling of **rancor** between the two families.
(a) Friendliness (b) Suspicion

- (c) Rivalry (d) Competition
9. Let us not **aggravate** the sufferings of the poor.
(a) Advocate (b) Appreciate
(c) Abbreviate (d) Alleviate
10. He stood gazing at the **serene** expanse of the sea.
(a) Tranquil (b) Ruffled
(c) Scenic (d) Clear
11. It was a very **dreary** day.
(a) Beautiful (b) Bright
(c) Drab (d) Dangerous
12. The error in the newspaper article is **accidental**.
(a) Conventional (b) Intentional
(c) Permissible (d) Usual
13. His friends liked everything about him except his **frugality**.
(a) Shabbiness (b) Punctuality
(c) Short temper (d) Extravagance
14. The minister was accused of indulging in **nepotism**.
(a) Condemnation (b) Indifference
(c) Impartiality (d) Hatred
15. The thief **confessed** at the police station that he had stolen my watch.
(a) Denied (b) Admitted
(c) Concealed (d) Disproved
16. The patient looks a little more **cheerful** this morning.
(a) Energetic (b) Stupid
(c) Depressed (d) Dull
17. History **abounds** in instances of courage.
(a) Lacks (b) Shines
(c) Fails (d) Suffices

18. **Feasibility** of the project is under study.

- (a) Impropriety
- (b) Cheapness
- (c) Unsuitability
- (d) Impracticability

19. Those whose views are **progressive** often meet with formidable impediments when they begin to act.

- (a) Revolutionary
- (b) Retrograde
- (c) Outmoded
- (d) Brave

20. The **indignation** of the retreating troops resulted in large scale killings.

- (a) Orderliness
- (b) Anger
- (c) Displeasure
- (d) Happiness

21. The revised pay scale is **uniform**.

- (a) Opposite
- (b) Varied
- (c) Equal
- (d) Different

22. His attitude is very **hostile**.

- (a) Humane
- (b) Helpful
- (c) Friendly
- (d) Kind

23. His **urbane** attitude won him many friends.

- (a) Violent
- (b) Indifferent
- (c) Rude
- (d) Rustic

24. His books are well known for their **progressive** ideas.

- (a) Complex
- (b) Reactionary
- (c) Useless
- (d) Old-fashioned

25. Their meeting was rather **boisterous**.

- (a) Noisy
- (b) Calm
- (c) Quiet
- (d) Business like

26. He **frequently** visits his old uncle in his native village.

- (a) Irregularly
- (b) Secretly
- (c) Temporarily
- (d) Rarely

27. In the interest of one's own reputation one should avoid **ostentation** while entertaining friends.

(a) Simplicity

(b) Miserliness

(c) Innocence

(d) Purity

28. The criminal was **detained** by the police.

(a) Released

(b) Deterred

(c) Protected

(d) Dismissed

29. What he tells me **confirms** my ideas.

(a) Opposes

(b) Strengthens

(c) Verifies

(d) Contradicts

30. We had a **delectable** meal yesterday.

(a) Un-savory

(b) Heavy

(c) Nice

(d) Tasty

31. Everybody was astonished when he used such a **profane** language.

(a) Profound

(b) High

(c) Sacred

(d) Pure

32. My uncle is very wealthy, but rather **parsimonious** in his habits.

(a) Careless

(b) Strict

(c) Extravagant

(d) Generous

33. His writings have much **eulogized** by Indian scholars.

(a) Disapproved

(b) Disparaged

(c) Praised

(d) Flouted

34. She was **skeptical** about the safety of the new drug.

(a) Certain

(b) Doubtful

(c) Sanguine

(d) Hopeful

35. He puts on airs and claims himself to be **omniscient**.

(a) Unqualified

(b) Backward

(c) Ignorant

(d) Bright

36. Why do you **disparage** him all the time?

- (a) Encourage (b) Glorify
(c) Abuse (d) Criticize

37. Even for the citizens of the East Bloc's most **prosperous** nation, the lure of capitalism is irresistible.

- (a) Impoverished (b) Destitute
(c) Exploited (d) Under-developed

38. Many snakes are **innocuous**.

- (a) Deadly (b) Ferocious
(c) Poisonous (d) Harmful

39. The Government empowered itself to **attach** the assets of all the scam suspects.

- (a) Return (b) Release
(c) Detach (d) Donate

40. His interpretation of the poem is **superficial**.

- (a) Difficult (b) Mysterious
(c) Mystical (d) Profound

41. Unlike in Bihar Board, English is an **optional** subject in the U.P. Board.

- (a) Voluntary (b) Necessary
(c) Elementary (d) Compulsory

42. The committee set about making **provisional** arrangements for the annual conference.

- (a) Permanent (b) Lasting
(c) Unconditional (d) Abiding

43. She used to **disparage** her neighbor every now and then.

- (a) Praise (b) Please
(c) Denigrate (d) Belittle

44. His **vindictive** nature was often commented upon by his friends.

- (a) Forgiving (b) Forgetful
(c) Timid (d) Obedient

45. His **servility** makes him detestable.

- (a) Insolence (b) Slavery

- (c) Bravery (d) Prudence
- 46. Recession** causes unemployment.
 (a) Education (b) Inflation
 (c) Poverty (d) Computerization
- 47.** He is quite **industrious**.
 (a) Lazy (b) Indisposed
 (c) Hard working (d) Indifferent
- 48.** The last show of the concert at the Ritz Theatre was a **fiasco**.
 (a) Fruitful (b) Success
 (c) Triumph (d) Victory
- 49.** That was **dauntless** action!
 (a) Secret (b) Cowardly
 (c) Devious (d) Subtle
- 50. Adversity** teaches man to be humble and self- reliant.
 (a) Animosity (b) Sincerity
 (c) Prosperity (d) Curiosity

ANSWERS

1. (d) 2. (d) 3. (d) 4. (c) 5. (a) 6. (d) 7. (b) 8. (a) 9. (d) 10. (b) 11. (b) 12. (b) 13. (d) 14. (c) 15. (a) 16. (c) 17. (a) 18. (d) 19. (b) 20. (d) 21. (b) 22. (c) 23. (d) 24. (d) 25. (c) 26. (d) 27. (a) 28. (a) 29. (d) 30. (a) 31. (c) 32. (c) 33. (a) 34. (a) 35. (c) 36. (b) 37. (a) 38. (d) 39. (a) 40. (d) 41. (d) 42. (a) 43. (a) 44. (a) 45. (a) 46. (b) 47. (a) 48. (b) 49. (b) 50. (c)

PRACTICE SET - III

Level – 4 (45 sec each)

Total Time – 37.5 Min

Pick out the word **opposite** (antonym) or nearly so in the meaning of the given words.

1. Blanch
 - (a) Bleach
 - (b) Enlighten
 - (c) Darken
 - (d) Analyse
2. Audacious
 - (a) Accountable
 - (b) Vulnerable
 - (c) Extremely daring
 - (d) Cowardly
3. Analogous
 - (a) Dissimilar
 - (b) Showy
 - (c) Haughty
 - (d) Senile
4. Devious
 - (a) Indirect
 - (b) Direct
 - (c) Random
 - (d) Abnormal
5. Cozen
 - (a) Prate
 - (b) Vilify
 - (c) Cheat
 - (d) Treat honestly
6. Debonair
 - (a) Balmy
 - (b) Awkward
 - (c) Good-looking
 - (d) Windy
7. Candid
 - (a) Anxious
 - (b) Vague
 - (c) Secretive

- (d) Shallow
- 8. Turbulence
 - (a) Hostility
 - (b) Noisy
 - (c) Impropriety
 - (d) Calmness
- 9. Chimerical
 - (a) Economical
 - (b) Unnatural
 - (c) Realistic
 - (d) Wonderful
- 10. Arduous
 - (a) Difficult
 - (b) Easy
 - (c) Gluttony
 - (d) Exertion
- 11. Dastard
 - (a) Warmth
 - (b) Hero
 - (c) Idol
 - (d) Presence
- 12. Austerity
 - (a) Extreme
 - (b) Harsh
 - (c) Lenience
 - (d) Ascetic
- 13. Antediluvian
 - (a) Isolated
 - (b) Celebration
 - (c) Ancient
 - (d) Modern
- 14. Dank
 - (a) Dry
 - (b) Gutters
 - (c) Wet
 - (d) Babbling
- 15. Vanguard
 - (a) Rear
 - (b) Front
 - (c) Regiment

- (d) Echelon
- 16. Clemency
 - (a) Corporal
 - (b) Compromise
 - (c) Transformation
 - (d) Sensibility
 - (e) Intolerance
- 17. Dogmatic
 - (a) Peremptory
 - (b) Spellbound
 - (c) Simple
 - (d) Unscrupulous
 - (e) Uncertain
- 18. Synchronized
 - (a) Noisy
 - (b) Discordant
 - (c) Consequent
 - (d) Following
 - (e) Adorned
- 19. Urbanity
 - (a) Rustic
 - (b) Crudeness
 - (c) Cruelty
 - (d) Sociability
 - (e) Affability
- 20. Reprimand
 - (a) Encourage
 - (b) Recommend
 - (c) Release
 - (d) Praise
- 21. Gullible
 - (a) Unreliable
 - (b) Uncompanionable
 - (c) Rigid
 - (d) Distrustful
- 22. Odious
 - (a) Familiar
 - (b) Pleasant
 - (c) Insignificant
 - (d) Cacophony

23. Serene
- (a) Impure
 - (b) Agitated
 - (c) Showy
 - (d) Complicated
24. Turgid
- (a) Clean
 - (b) Smooth
 - (c) Bright
 - (d) Detailed
25. Laudation
- (a) Reduction
 - (b) Passive
 - (c) Criticism
 - (d) Simplification
26. Rectitude
- (a) Firmness
 - (b) Deception
 - (c) Smoothness
 - (d) Atheism
 - (e) Anarchy
27. Clemency
- (f) Corporal
 - (g) Compromise
 - (h) Transformation
 - (i) Sensibility
 - (j) Intolerance
28. Taciturnity
- (a) Reciprocity
 - (b) Endorsement
 - (c) Talkative
 - (d) Flamboyance
 - (e) Transparency
29. Immaculate
- (a) Up-to-date
 - (b) Significant
 - (c) Untidy
 - (d) Expressive
30. Expurgate
- (a) Stain

- (b) Admit
 - (c) Entertain
 - (d) Renew
31. Blithe
- (a) Joyless
 - (b) Gay in disposition
 - (c) Light- hearted
 - (d) Generosity
 - (e) Cheerfulness
32. Brazen
- (a) Bold
 - (b) Made of brass
 - (c) Made of copper
 - (d) Insolent
 - (e) Shy
33. Exalt
- (a) Ennoble
 - (b) Glorify
 - (c) Extol
 - (d) Depreciate
 - (e) Simplify
34. Extrinsic
- (a) Reputable
 - (b) Inherent
 - (c) Swift
 - (d) Ambitious
 - (e) Cursory
35. Autonomous
- (a) Magnanimous
 - (b) Ambiguous
 - (c) Exiguous
 - (d) Dependent
 - (e) Operational
36. Baffle
- (a) Make way
 - (b) Thwart
 - (c) Confuse
 - (d) Check
 - (e) Substitute
37. Exhilarate

- (a) Gladden
 - (b) Invigorate
 - (c) Shabbily
 - (d) Inspiring
 - (e) Depress
38. Exhume
- (a) Decipher
 - (b) Dig
 - (c) Integrate
 - (d) Admit
 - (e) Enter
39. Churlish
- (a) Boorish
 - (b) Coarse
 - (c) Courteous
 - (d) Niggardly
 - (e) Modest
40. Extravagant
- (a) Developing
 - (b) Wonderful
 - (c) Disappearing
 - (d) Economical
 - (e) Real
41. Embellish
- (a) Garnish
 - (b) Disfigure
 - (c) Adorn
 - (d) Disarm
 - (e) Perish
42. Euphoria
- (a) Strident
 - (b) Lethargy
 - (c) Literary
 - (d) Significant
 - (e) Musical
43. Debonair
- (a) Awkward
 - (b) Windy
 - (c) Balmy
 - (d) Sportive

- (e) Stomy
- 44. Ecstasy
 - (a) Rapture
 - (b) Beatitude
 - (c) Exaltation
 - (d) Oily
 - (e) Misery
- 45. Desultory
 - (a) Disconnected
 - (b) Lacking order
 - (c) Pertinent
 - (d) Random
 - (e) Frequent
- 46. Puissant
 - (a) Healthy
 - (b) Indifferent
 - (c) Weak
 - (d) Strong
- 47. Dainty
 - (a) Coarse
 - (b) Graceful
 - (c) Delectable
 - (d) Obedient
- 48. Defile
 - (a) Ride
 - (b) Purify
 - (c) Assemble
 - (d) Order
- 49. Scurrilous
 - (a) Decent
 - (b) Savage
 - (c) Descent
 - (d) Volatile
- 50. Sacerdotal
 - (a) Frank
 - (b) Layman
 - (c) Region
 - (d) Religious minded

ANSWERS

1. (c) 2. (d) 3. (a) 4. (b) 5. (d) 6. (b) 7. (c) 8. (d) 9. (c) 10. (b) 11. (b) 12. (c) 13. (d) 14. (a) 15.
(a) 16. (d) 17. (a) 18. (b) 19. (a) 20. (a) 21. (c) 22. (b) 23. (b) 24. (a) 25. (c) 26. (b) 27. (e) 28.
(a) 29. (c) 30. (b) 31. (a) 32. (e) 33. (d) 34. (b) 35. (d) 36. (a) 37. (e) 38. (e) 39. (c) 40. (d) 41.
(b) 42. (b) 43. (a) 44. (e) 45. (c) 46. (c) 47. (a) 48. (b) 49. (a) 50. (b)